

Native Women Officials Progress Proof

This proof printing was in all probability prepared to check the progress of the master die. Unlike earlier manifestations of this design, the official stamps do not bear the name of the original designer, A. Puyplat, at the lower left. Paper is smooth, thin and ungummed. In later stages, proofs were struck in color on thick paper. Official control marks and punches would have been applied.



Native Women Officials Corner Date Singles

The date that the "SERVICE " overprint was applied was identified at the bottom right of the sheet.



Native Women Officials
Corner Date Blocks



Native Women Officials Postmarks



SONTAY



SAIGON-CENTRAL



SADEC



THANH-HOA



HAI-DUONG



HONGAY



PORT WALLUT



PHU-LANG-THUONG



HANOI R.P.



VIENTIANE



SAVANNAKHET

Native Women Officials Postmarks



FIAFAY



PAKSONE



HUE



QUANG-TRI



TAM-QUAN



QUANG-YEN



THAI-BINH



HAI-PHONG



HONGAY

Native Women Officials Use of Low Values

Since 1928, the internal letter rate had been 5 cents and the rate for a letter sent within the French Community had been 6 cents. Consequently, official stamps with low denominations seldom found uses.

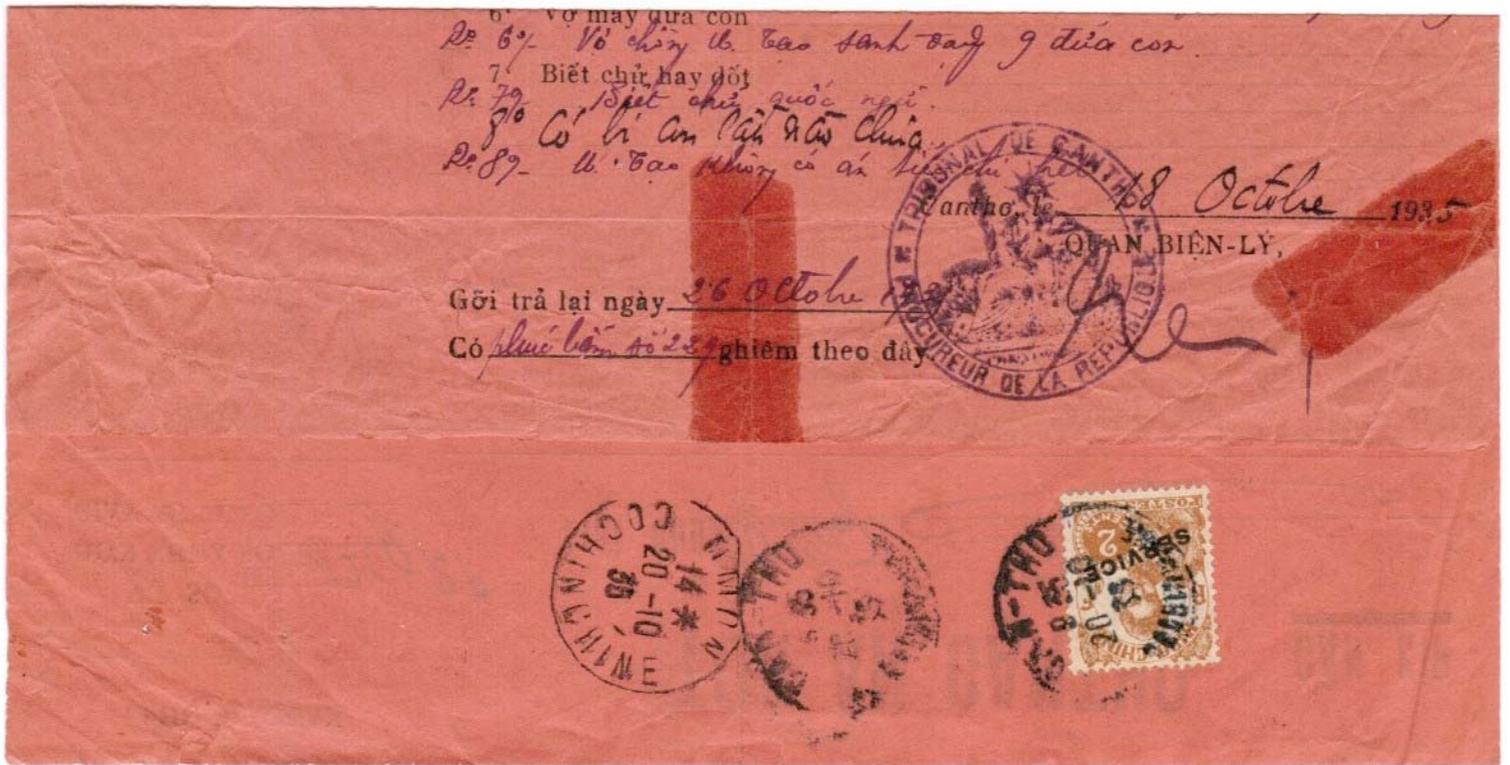
This letter was sent locally within Saigon in 1935. Addressed to the director of the tram company in Saigon, the envelope bears three low-value Native Women official stamps composing the 5-cent rate.



POSTAL MARKINGS
SAIGON-CENTRAL COCHINCHINE 9 DEC 35

Native Women Officials
Use of 2 cents

A 2 cent Native Women Official stamp was used on this order sent by the court at Can-Tho. It was sent to the chief at the village of Thoi Long ordering him to search for the records of punishment for two court clients: Tran Huu Tao and Tran Thi Nga. The summons was dated 18 October 1935.



POSTAL MARKINGS

CAN-THO COCHINCHINE 20-10 35
OMON COCHINCHINE 20-10 35

Native Women Officials
Use of 3 cents

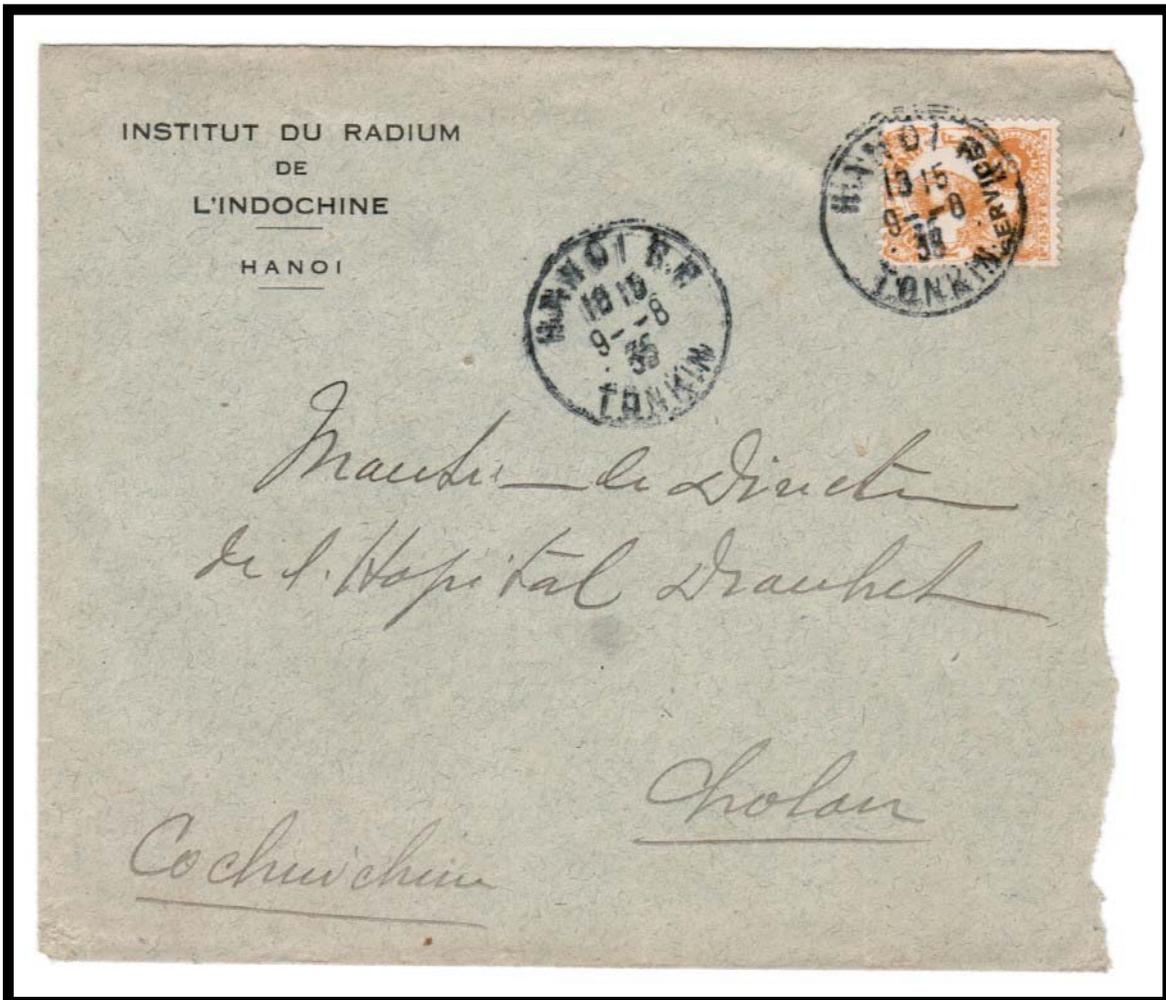
A portion of an earlier mailing had been cut out and affixed to a court summons as a way to address it. No doubt, the low postage rate was because the form was dropped in the mail without an envelope.



POSTAL MARKINGS
PHUNGHIEP COCHINCHINE 14-9-35

Native Women Officials
Use of 5 cents

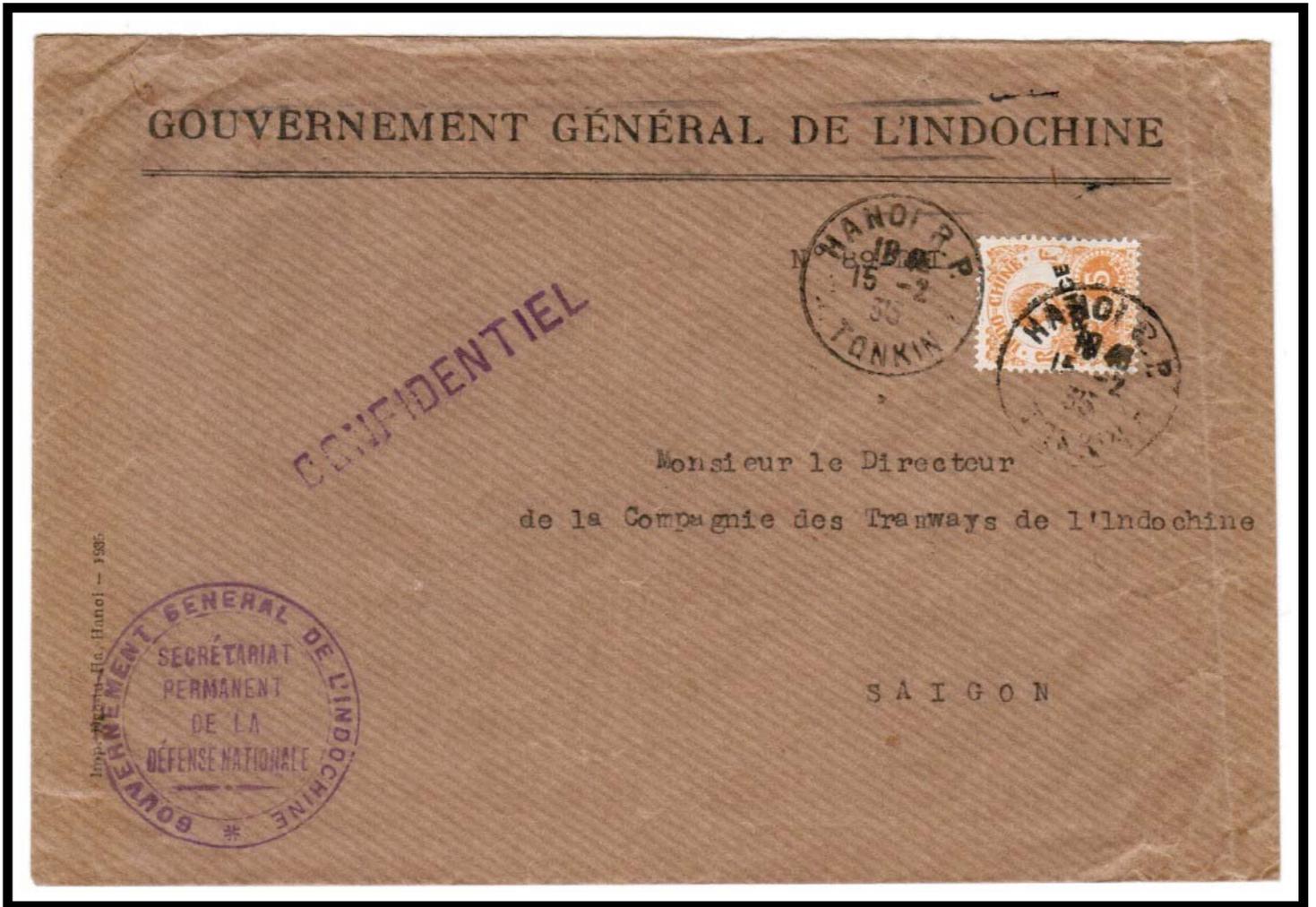
Postage for a letter from the Radium Institute in Hanoi to Cholon, Cochinchina was paid with a 5-cent official stamp, indicating that the institute was a governmental agency.



POSTAL MARKINGS
HANOI R.P. TONKIN 9-8 35
REVERSE
SAIGON-CENTRAL COCHINCHINE 13-8 35
CHO-LON COCHINCHINE 14-8 35

Native Women Officials
Use of 5 cents

In 1935, a 5 cent official stamp was employed for a government envelope from the Defense Secretariat at Hanoi to the Indochina Streetcar Company at Saigon. The envelope was handstamped "CONFIDENTIEL" and bears the official cachet of the sender.



POSTAL MARKINGS
HANOI R.P. TONKIN 15-2 35
REVERSE
SAIGON-CENTRAL COCHINCHINE 19 FEVR 35

Native Women Officials
Use of 5 cents

Four 5-cent Native Women official stamps paid for a local registered letter posted by the Agricultural Services Department of Cochinchina. Postage was calculated as follows:

internal letter rate	5 cents
<u>registration fee</u>	<u>15 cents</u>
total	20 cents



POSTAL MARKINGS

SAIGON-CENTRAL COCHINCHINE 22-5 35

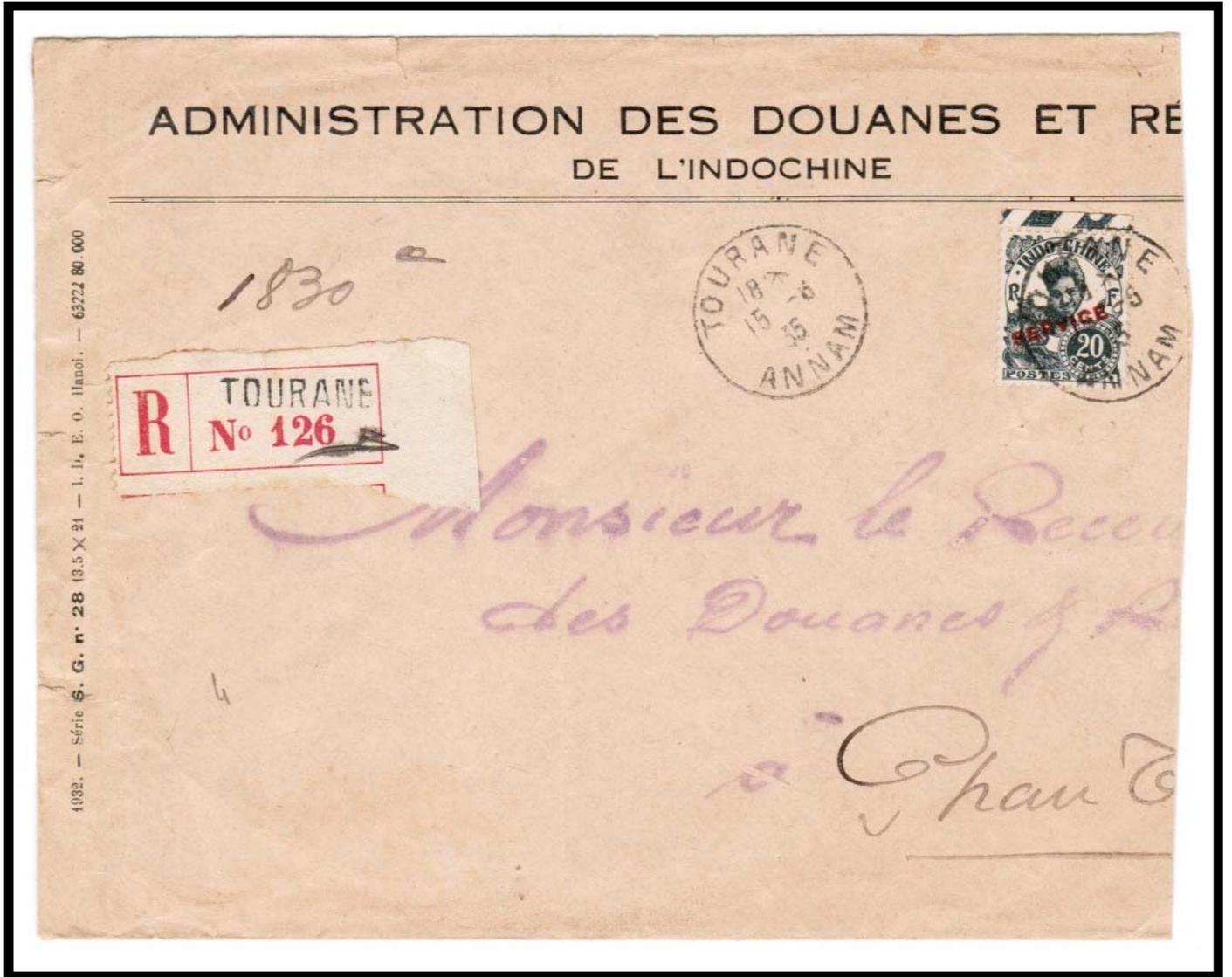
registration label

REVERSE

VINHLONG COCHINCHINE 23-5 35

Native Women Officials
Use of 20 cents

The 20 cent official stamp paid for a registered internal letter sent by the Customs Service in 1935.



POSTAL MARKINGS
TOURANE ANNAM 1-6 35
registration label

Native Women Officials
Use of 30 cents

The higher value official stamps saw only limited use. Here a combination of official stamps including to 30-cents Native Woman Official paid the postage for an airmail letter from Saigon to Marseilles in 1935.



POSTAL MARKINGS

SAIGON-CENTRAL COCHINCHINE 23-3 35
airmail label and rate certification handstamp

REVERSE

MARSEILLE-GARE-AVION BCHES DU RHONE I • IV 1935